

# WebStat

## QUICK START GUIDE

## PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

WebStat is a web-based building manager that leverages the Niagara™ architecture and T7350 Wizards. It communicates over the LonWorks network to perform building management control of T7350 thermostats through a web browser. It runs building management applications like Trending, Scheduling, and Alarming.

The WebStat acts like a network time master to synchronize the time and date in thermostats linked to it with its own time and date or with the Internet time servers. Its Device Discovery feature enables you to discover online thermostats. You can perform User Administration and Access Level control. System Administration functions such as configuring network settings, site information settings, system & control network, date and time settings, and new module installation are also enabled.

## BEFORE INSTALLATION

Prior to installation, ensure you have the following:

- **WebStat W7350A Mounting and Wiring Instructions Document**
- **WebStat**
- **Power Adapter**
- **LON Connector**
- **Ethernet CAT 5 cable with RJ-45 connectors**
- **Laptop/PC that will be used to perform initial configuration**
- **Cable for Grounding (Refer JACE-2 Mounting and Wiring Instructions)**
- **The installation network and Internet requirements determined**

For access from a local or wide area network (LAN/WAN), WebStat will be connected to the LAN/WAN. Ensure the presence of a network administrator. In case there is no network administrator, it might be necessary for the installer or the facility manager to consult an independent network professional. Internet access to WebStat is frequently provided through a LAN/WAN. Prior to installation, identify the procedures for connecting WebStat to the LAN/WAN and gain Internet access.

## Network Security

As with any Internet web server, WebStat is subject to attack by “hackers”. While WebStat is supplied with the best available internal protection, a network “firewall” must be used if Internet access is provided. Review the Internet, LAN, or WAN provisions for installation and determine the appropriate firewall requirements.

### **IMPORTANT**

- **When connecting WebStat to the Internet directly, or through a LAN or WAN, use of additional external security measures such as a “firewall” is strongly advised.**
- **When connecting WebStat directly to the Internet from a cable/DSL modem with no network, a firewall must be established by adding a router. (Simple switches and hubs are insufficient.)**
- **Most routers used with cable/DSL modems provide a significant level of hardware protection and network address translation (NAT), and have the ability to implement a software firewall as well. Such routers are widely available at nominal cost.**

Generally, local and wide area networks have sophisticated firewall protection and it is necessary to work with a network administrator to install WebStat properly. Network reconfiguration might be needed to support WebStat. If the installer or end user does not have the expertise required to determine the network capabilities or to set up an appropriate firewall, consult a network specialist.

### **IMPORTANT**

- **Networks configured with the Microsoft® Windows® Network Setup Wizard as a proxy server (the recommended wizard procedure) may not support the WebStat.**
- **Installing the WebStat in such a network requires reconfiguring the network for peer-to-peer operation.**

WebStat has been designed with many features to promote Internet security. The most basic is the user ID and password access to the system. WebStat has a default user ID and password for initial installation. After installation, each individual user is provided with a unique ID and password. Internet best practices recommend IDs and passwords that are eight characters or more in length with a mix of alpha and numeric characters. Best practices also require individual users to change passwords periodically. As with any system, when personnel changes occur, old IDs and passwords must be deleted and new ones assigned.

WebStat closes all unused internal software access ports. It is designed to allow access through HTTP and Niagara FOX ports during normal system operation.

Initial setup of WebStat requires a PC to be physically connected to WebStat's Ethernet port. When configuration is completed, remove the PC – WebStat Ethernet connection.

NOTE: Future upgrades and service packs for WebStat will be available on the Internet.

## Setup Information Requirements

Specific information about the network is required to configure the network interface of WebStat. The section titled *Setup Data Descriptions* identifies the data required for each configuration option. This information should be gathered prior to attempting to setting up WebStat. Appendix A is provided to record and collect the entire data required to configure WebStat.

In local area network/wide area network (LAN/WAN) applications, the data required will be provided by the network administrator.

## Static or Dynamic Address Option

It is necessary to provide an IP (Internet protocol) address for WebStat in order to communicate with it.

WebStat supports both static and Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) IP addressing. A static IP address is one that is permanently assigned to WebStat and is provided by the ISP or LAN/WAN network administrator.

A dynamic IP address is one that is assigned by another network device (DHCP Server) and can change based on rules established for the network.



## CAUTION

**It is not suggested to use DHCP addressing mechanism. The IP address is dynamically assigned to WebStat. Unless the IP address is known, WebStat cannot be accessed. DHCP addressing mechanism should be used only when there is a way to know the IP address assigned to WebStat such as DHCP logs and Router Administration User Interface.**

## Uniform Resource Locator

A Uniform Resource Locator (URL) is required to address WebStat with Microsoft® Internet Explorer. In many installations, the URL will be routed through a Dynamic Name Service (DNS) to address WebStat. However, DNS is not required for installations using an Ethernet DHCP address. If DNS is used, the information for WebStat setup data must be obtained prior to setup. This can require obtaining a registered domain name from a Domain Name registration service. The information should be available from the facility's network administrator and/or ISP. The processes for setting up DNS service vary depending on the ISP, DNS service, and the user's LAN/WAN operating policies and are beyond the scope of this document.

Using a DNS address, the URL is in the form of protocol: //FullyQualifiedDomainName/resource (See definitions below).

Alternatively, you can use the IP Address to access WebStat. The URL will be in the form of protocol: //IP\_Address (See definitions below).

## WebStat URL COMPONENT DEFINITIONS

- protocol = http

### IMPORTANT

*The protocol must be entered as 'http'. Entering incorrect protocol results in an error message, "The page cannot be displayed". Internet Explorer defaults to the http protocol which results in the error message FullyQualifiedDomainName (FQDN) = host-name.domainname*

- domain.name = the domain name assigned by the ISP or network administrator.
  - The domain name must be registered if it is to be used through the Internet.
  - WebStat installed in a LAN/WAN must be provided by the network administrator.
  - WebStat installed in a small network using a Cable/DSL router can require configuring the router DMZ or port redirection to provide access.
- hostname = the host name for WebStat (host) assigned by the installer during configuration. Refer to *Setup Data for Configuration Options*.
- IP address = the static IP address assigned by the ISP, network administrator, or the dynamic IP address assigned by the DHCP host.

## Setup Data for Configuration Options

There are two network configuration options. Table 1 captures the data required for each type of configuration. The *Setup Data Descriptions* section describes each configuration data prompt with an indication of where the data can be obtained.

If the installer is not familiar with the processes required to configure network devices, consult a networking specialist.

Table 1.

IP Address Options	Static	DHCP
IP Address	X	
Network Mask	X	
Default Gateway	X	
Primary DNS Server	X	
Local Host Name	X	X
Local Domain Name	X	X

## Setup Data Description

**[IP Address]** WebStat IP address - user assigned:

- The LAN/WAN IP address to apply to WebStat in static IP configurations. Not applicable in DHCP configurations.
- The IP address consists of four sets of numbers separated by a decimal point. The valid values for each number range from 0 to 255.

**[Netmask]** LAN Subnet Mask address:

- Applicable only to Ethernet Static IP configurations.
- From router or "ipconfig /all" executed on the command line on a PC that is on the same network.
- In router setup, look for "LAN" "Subnet Mask"
- When using "ipconfig /all" look for "Subnet Mask"

**[Default Gateway]** LAN (DSL/cable modem):

- Applicable only to Ethernet Static IP configurations.
- Default Gateway address
- From "ipconfig /all" executed on the command line on a PC that is on the same network
- Look for "Default Gateway"

**[Primary Domain Name Server]** WAN (cable/DSL modem)

DNS address (first in the list)

- From router or "ipconfig /all"
- In router setup, look for "WAN", "DNS" and use the first address in the list (primary)
- In Windows ""ipconfig /all"", look for DNS Servers and use the first address in the list (primary)
- This is necessary for email alarm notification

**[Local Host Name]** WebStat name:

- User assigned
- Enter any unique name - "WebStat" is recommended. A LAN/WAN with multiple WebStat installed requires each host name be unique and descriptive of the location
- Only alphanumeric, "-" (dash), and "\_" (underbar) characters are permitted

**[Domain Name]** ISP domain name:

- Not a user's domain name
- In Windows, "ipconfig /all" look for "Connection specific DNS Suffix"
- This is necessary for alarm emails to be sent correctly

## HARDWARE INSTALLATION

When Installing this Product:

- Read the instructions carefully. Failure to follow them could damage the product or cause a hazardous condition.
- Check ratings given in instructions and on the product to ensure the product is suitable for your application.
- Installer must be a trained and an experienced service technician.
- After installation is complete, check out product operation as provided in the instructions.

## Mounting

Mount the WebStat W7350A controller in a location that allows clearance for wiring, servicing, and module removal. Additional mounting information applies, as follows:

- Environmental Requirements
- Physical Mounting

## Environmental Requirements

Note the following requirements for the WebStat W7350A mounting location:

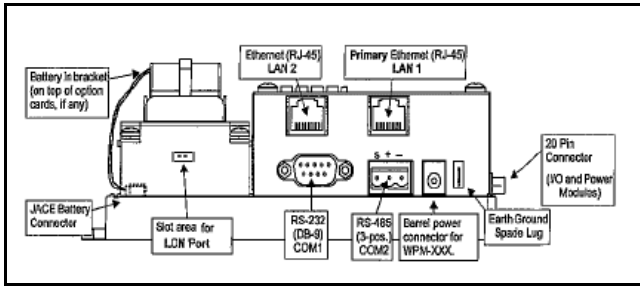
- This product is intended for indoor use only. Do not expose the unit to ambient conditions outside of the range of 0<sup>0</sup> C (32<sup>0</sup> F) to 50<sup>0</sup> C (122<sup>0</sup> F) and relative humidity outside the range 5% to 95% non-condensing (pollution degree 1)
- If mounting inside an enclosure, the enclosure should be designed to keep the unit within its required operating range considering a 20-watt dissipation by the controller. This is especially important if the controller is mounted inside an enclosure with other heat producing equipment.
- Do not mount the unit:
  - in an area where excessive moisture, corrosive fumes, or explosive vapors are present
  - where vibration or shock is likely to occur
  - in a location subject to electrical noise. This includes the proximity of large electrical contractors, electrical machinery, welding equipment, and spark igniters

## Physical Mounting

The following information is important when physically mounting the unit.

- You can mount the WebStat W7350A in any orientation. It is not necessary to remove the cover before mounting
- Mounting on a 35mm wide DIN rail is recommended. The WebStat W7350A unit base has a molded DIN rail slot and locking clip, as does the 24Vac power module (NPB-PWR) and both types of I/O expansion modules. Mounting on a DIN rail ensures accurate alignment of connectors between all modules
- If DIN rail mounting is impractical, you can use screws in mounting tabs on the WebStat W7350A, then in any end-connected accessory (NPB-PWR)

## Wire and Cable Connections

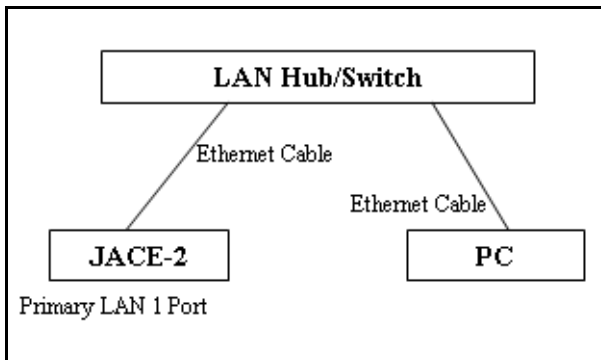


**Fig. 1. Wire and Cable Connections.**

(Reference from JACE-2 Mounting and Wiring Instructions)

## Connecting to LAN/WAN

The following diagram depicts the wiring needed to connect WebStat to LAN/WAN. It also shows the PC/Laptop that will be used for initial configuration.



**Fig. 2. WebStat Network Connection Diagram.**

LAN Hub/Switch can be a simple HUB to Switch with Router features.

This varies from network to network. WebStat W7350A comes with the following default network configuration

### PRIMARY LAN 1 INTERFACE

- Enabled: true
- Host Name: WebStat
- Domain Name: WebStat
- DHCP Enabled: false
- IP Address: 10.0.0.1
- Subnet Mask: 255.0.0.0
- Default Gateway: 10.255.255.254
- DNS Server: 10.0.0.3

### SECONDARY LAN 2 INTERFACE

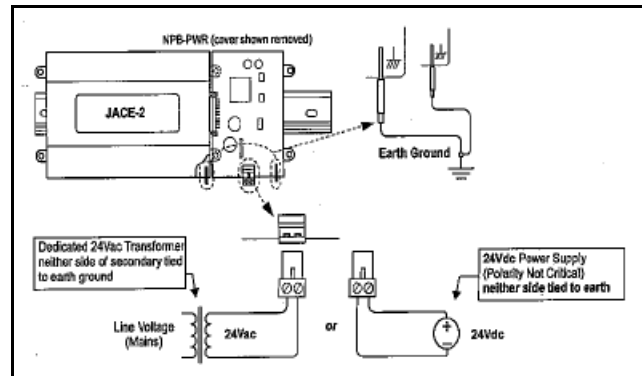
- Enabled: false

## Grounding

An earth ground spade lug (0.187") is provided on the base of the WebStat W7350A for connection to earth ground. For maximum protection from electrostatic discharge or other forms of EMI, connect the supplied earth grounding wire to this lug and a nearby earth ground (see Figure 3). Keep this wire as short as possible.

## Power Wiring

The WebStat W7350A must be powered by an approved 15 Vdc power source. This can be either an external wall mount AC adapter (WPM-XXX) or the DIN-mount 24 Vac powered module (NPB-PWR). The WebStat W7350A controller does not include an on/off switch. To apply power, plug in the power connector to either the WebStat W7350A (if WPM-XXX) or the NPB-PWR.



**Fig. 3. Wiring Diagram for Grounding.**

(Reference from JACE-2 Mounting and Wiring Instructions)

## ⚠ CAUTION

**Do not connect both the WPM-XXX and NPB-PWR supplies at the same time, or equipment may be damaged.**

## About the Battery

The WebStat W7350A is provided with a custom 10-cell NiMH battery pack mounted to the unit. This battery allows the WebStat W7350A to continue through very short power bumps (a few seconds in duration). If a longer power outage occurs, the battery provides enough run time for the WebStat W7350A to backup data and then shutdown. Typically, this is one minute. Shutdown occurs automatically, after data is backed up to on-board flash memory.

The WebStat W7350A charges the battery during normal operation, until fully charged. Typically, the charge operation completes within 18 hours. Following a power outage, the battery is charged again, as necessary. The power and battery circuitry is monitored by a station running on the WebStat W7350A (via the PowerMonitorService). Station alarms are generated whenever primary power is lost or if the battery is uncharged or unable to hold a sufficient charge.

The battery should be replaced approximately every three years or more often if the unit is in a high temperature.

### Connect the Backup Battery

With the cover removed from the WebStat W7350A, locate the red and black wires coming from the backup battery, with 2-position connector plug. Insert the plug into the battery

connector on the bottom board. The connector is keyed; you cannot insert it incorrectly. The red (positive) connection should be the furthest from the two 30-pin option board connectors.

### LED Status

Table 2.

Controllers	Color of LED	LED Off	LED On	LED Blinking	Location	LED's Activity
Ethernet Port (Primary)	Green	No Ethernet link is made	Ethernet link is present, but no activity on LAN	Ethernet link is present with data activity on LAN	Top cover	Shows the status of the Ethernet link
Ethernet Port (Secondary)	Green	No Ethernet link is made	Ethernet link is present, but no activity on LAN	Ethernet link is present with data activity on LAN	Top cover	Shows the status of the Ethernet link
Heartbeat	Yellow	N/A	N/A	Blinks once per second	Right of the Ethernet status LEDs	
Status	Green	Error condition	Whenever the WebStat W7350A id powered	N/A	Right of the heartbeat ("BEAT") LED	Provides a CPU machine status check

## INITIAL WEBSTAT CONFIGURATION

### Configuring PC Network

WebStat comes with a default network configuration. The PC/ Laptop that will be used for initial configuration of WebStat should be configured so that it can communicate with WebStat using Internet Explorer.

NOTE: PC/Laptop should be running one of Microsoft Windows operating system. It should have Internet Explorer 6.0 SP2 or above installed on it.

1. Open the **Network and Dial-up Connections** window. (Location: **Start > Programs > Accessories > Communications**). The window shown in Figure 4 should appear.

NOTE: The equivalent in Windows XP is "Network Connections".

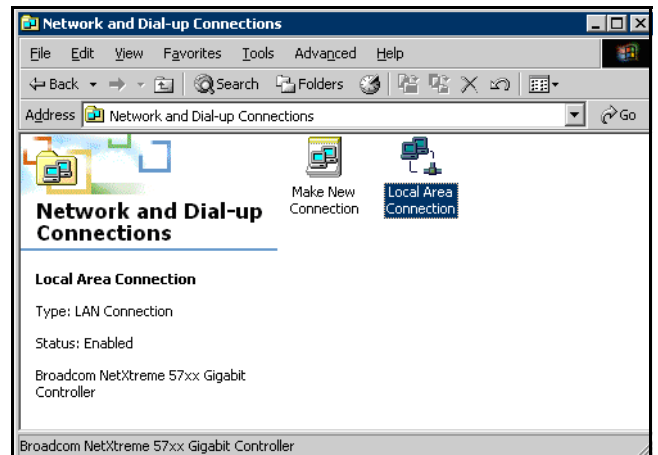


Fig. 4. Network and Dial-up Connections Window.

2. Right click on the appropriate LAN adapter that will be used for configuring the WebStat W7350A and click **Properties** to open the **Network Adapter Properties** popup as shown in Figure 5. .

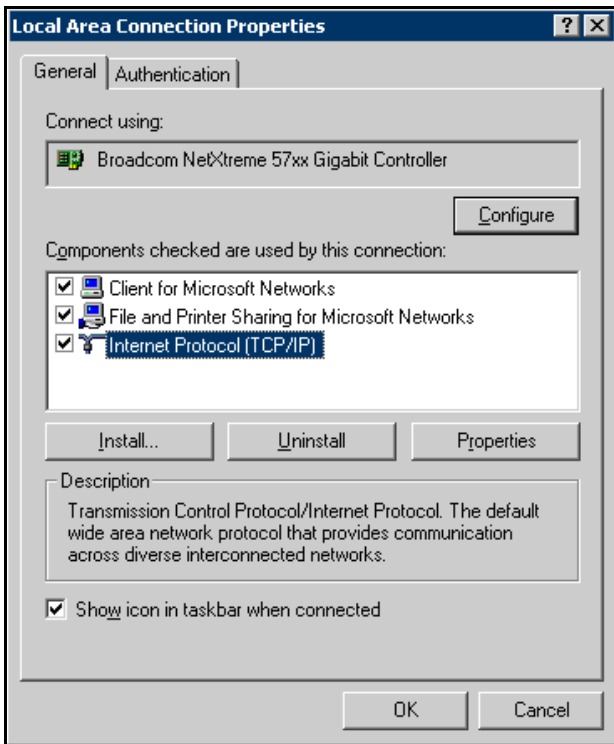


Fig. 5. Properties Page.

3. Double click “Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) to open the TCP/IP Settings. A popup as shown in Figure 6 should appear.

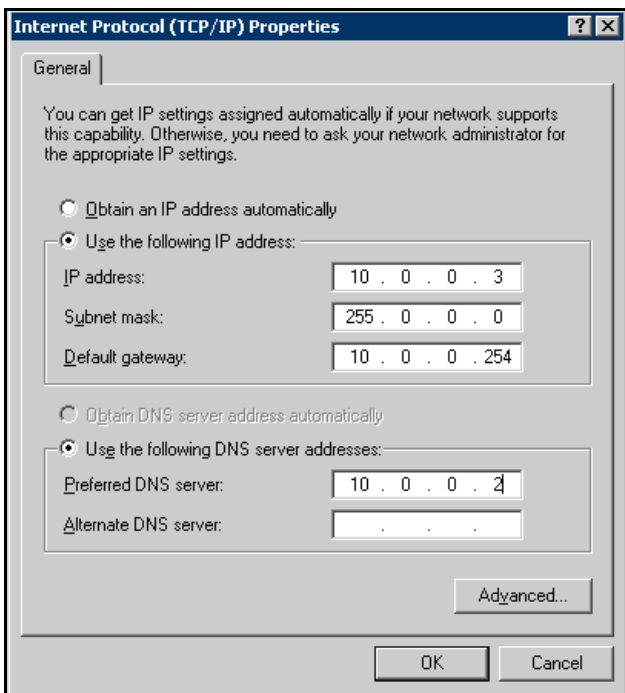


Fig. 6. TCP/IP Settings Page.

**IMPORTANT**

Before making any changes here, note the values in each field, as this information is needed to restore the network configuration back to original.

Provide the following information in the respective fields:

- Use the following IP Address: Selected
- IP Address: 10.0.0.2
- Subnet Mask: 255.0.0.0
- Default Gateway: 10.255.255.254
- DNS Server: 10.0.0.3

4. Click **OK** on both the popups. Restart the PC/Laptop if required.
5. Open the command prompt on the PC/Laptop and ping WebStat by executing the following command to check if the communication has been established.  
**C:\> ping 10.0.0.1**

NOTE: In case the ping fails, recheck your network configurations and network connections. If the problem still persists, take assistance of network administrator.

**Initial Login**

To log on to WebStat from the PC/Laptop:

1. Open Internet Explorer in PC/Laptop.
2. In the address bar, type `http://10.0.0.1` and press the **Enter** key. The browser should open the WebStat login page as shown in Figure 7.



Fig. 7. WebStat Login Screen.

3. Provide User ID and Password as **SysAdmin** and **!Sys!Admin** correspondingly to login.
4. Click the **System** tab. This opens the System Configuration screens as shown in Figure 8.

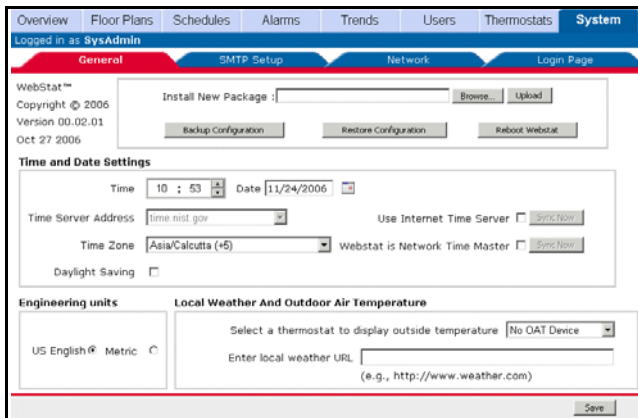


Fig. 8. Configuration Window.

### Adjusting WebStat System Clock

Refer to the *Initial Login* section for steps to login and get to the **System Configuration** screens.

1. On the **General** sub-tab, in the **Time and Date Settings** section, select the appropriate **Time Zone** and click **Save**.
2. If the Time Zone is changed, WebStat will prompt you to reboot your PC. Click **Yes** to proceed. It will take about 5 minutes for WebStat to boot. After 5 minutes, re-login following the steps given in the *Initial Login* section.
3. On the **General** sub-tab, in the **Time and Date Settings**, adjust the date and time accordingly and click **Save** to save the changes made.

### Synchronize with Internet Time Source

Refer *Initial Login* section for steps to login and get to System Configuration screens.

1. On the **General** sub-tab, in the **Time and Date Settings** section, check the **Use Internet Time Server** checkbox. This enables the **Sync Now** button.
2. Select appropriate Internet Time server from the list provided in **Time Server Address** combo box.
3. Click **Save** to save the changes made.

NOTE: **Sync Now** will fail to work if WebStat is on initial default IP address.

### Setup WebStat as Network Time Master

Refer *Initial Login* section for steps to login and get to System Configuration screens.

1. On the **General** sub-tab, in the **Time and Date Settings** section, check the WebStat **Network Time Master** checkbox. This enables the **Sync Now** button.
2. Click **Save** to save the changes made.

NOTE: **Sync Now** will do nothing if there are no devices connected to WebStat to manage.

## Configuring WebStat Network Interface

Refer *Initial Login* section for steps to login and get to System Configuration screens.

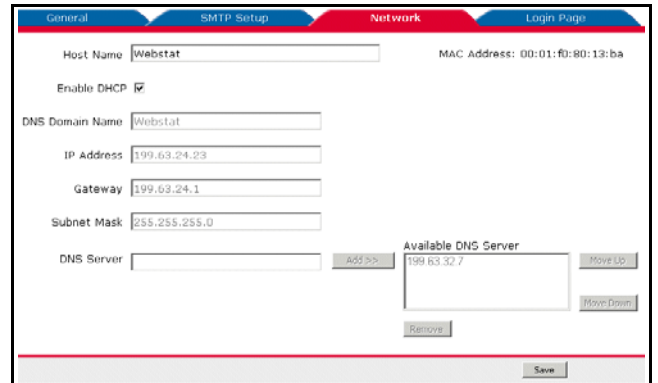


Fig. 9. Network Settings Window.

1. Fill the network information. The required information can be obtained from the **Network Setup Worksheet** (you will find the **Network Setup Worksheet** in the *Appendix A* section of this document) that you have filled by following instructions in the *Setup Information Requirements* section of this document.
2. Click **Save** to save the network changes. WebStat will prompt to reboot the system as shown in the Figure 10.

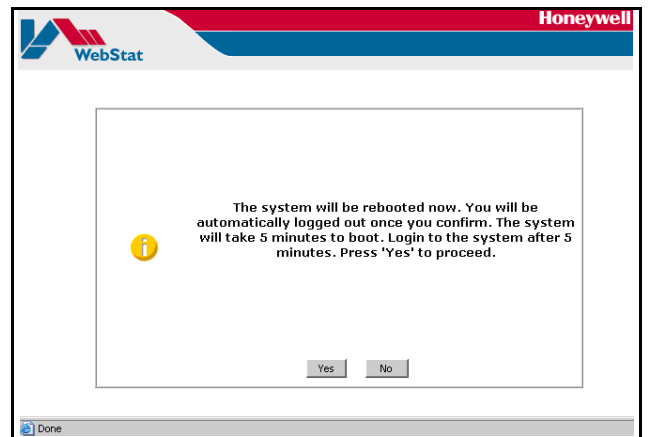


Fig. 10. Reboot Message.

3. Click **Yes** to reboot the system. WebStat will take about 5 minutes to reboot. Wait for 5 minutes and access it again. WebStat will start using the new network settings.
4. Restore the network settings of the PC/Laptop. Refer the original settings that have been suggested in the *Configuring PC Network* section.

NOTE: WebStat cannot be accessed from the PC/Laptop that is used for initial configuration until its network settings are restored back.

WebStat can be accessed from LAN/WAN as configured.

NOTE: WebStat can synchronize its time with Internet Servers now. The **Sync Now** button in the **System > General** tab can be used to force time synchronization. Synchronization will succeed only if the DNS is configured properly and the Internet Time Server is accessible to WebStat.

## INFORMATION FOR NETWORK ADMINISTRATORS

The following information can be required by the network administrator and/or ISP prior to installation of WebStat. Copy this page and give it to the network administrator or ISP contact.

### Ports Used

WebStat web access requires the following network ports to be open for Internet access:

- Port 9011 – FOX Connection For Trend Charts
- Port 80 – HTTP Connection to WebStat from Internet

NOTE: Network proxy servers can interfere with network access to WebStat. To minimize the interference, the proxy server may need re-configuration.

### DNS and WINS Support

WebStat supports and uses DNS for sending alarm information through Electronic Mail. If WebStat is configured to use static IP address, it would be convenient to register WebStat's host name and IP address in a DNS server so that WebStat can be accessed using Fully Qualified Domain Name instead of IP address.

WebStat Does not support WINS name resolution.

### Connection Protocol and IP Address

WebStat supports Ethernet protocol and either Static or DHCP IP addressing.

Identify the IP addressing type as static or DHCP:

- For static addressing, provide the static IP address.
- For DHCP, the DHCP server assigns the IP address.

### Uniform Resource Locator (URL)

WebStat URL is structured as:

*scheme://domainname, where:*

- Scheme = http
- Domainname = IP address or Fully Qualified Domain

Name (FQDN) assigned by network administrator or ISP

## Electronic Mail Options

WebStat can be configured to send email to a SMTP email server within the LAN/WAN to which it is connected. If a LAN/WAN SMTP server is to be used, the SMTP server name is required. This may be necessary if the local network requires an email to be delivered only through a network email server. Consult the site IT System Administrator for the correct settings.

## Upgrades and Service Packs

Future upgrades and service packs for WebStat will be made available by download. Specific instructions for downloading and installing upgrades and service packs will be communicated as part of the upgrade or service pack announcement.

## OVERVIEW

The Overview screen displays summary information about all the thermostats within a building. A maximum of 25 thermostats are displayed. Use this screen to view information related to thermostats.

If you are a user with Contractor privileges, you can also edit and configure information related to thermostats. You can:

- View Thermostats Details
- Override Schedule Occupancy State
- Cancel Schedule Occupancy Override
- View Alarms

## Floor Plans

A Floor Plan is a graphical illustration of a building's layout coupled with the T7350 thermostat. Floor Plans depict the placement of thermostats within a building.

You can have more than one thermostat in a single floor plan. All thermostats are configured according to their schedules. You can:

- Create new Floor Plans
- Modify the existing ones
- Change the images
- Change thermostats
- View different Floor Plans

WebStat can support a maximum of 5 Floor Plans.

## Schedules

Schedules define the times and days when an occupancy event must occur. Schedules are weekly calendars for occupancy mode changes. Schedules also contain holiday information. You can have a maximum of five schedules in WebStat.

There are three occupancy modes:

- **Occupied:** A period of time when the controlled environment is considered to be occupied. It requires a closer control for comfort, health, and safety. Indicates that the room is occupied.
- **Unoccupied:** A period of time when the controlled environment is considered to be unoccupied. It is used to reduce energy consumption. Indicates that the room is unoccupied.
- **Standby:** A period during the normal occupied period when the space may not be occupied. It is used for energy saving programs. Indicates that the room is in the standby mode.

You can:

- View Schedules
- Add and Modify Schedules
- Define Weekly Schedules
- Define Special Events
- Assign Thermostats
- Delete Schedules

## Alarms

Use the **Alarms** tab to view and acknowledge alarms that are raised on thermostats. You can filter alarms based on occurrence, acknowledgment status, and priority. You can setup alarms, define their limits, and priority. You can also acknowledge alarms and delete acknowledged alarms. You can configure a maximum of 25 alarms.

You can:

- View Alarms
- Add/Modify Alarms
- Delete Alarm configuration
- Acknowledge Alarms
- Delete Alarms

## Trends

Trends depict the values of points over time in a graphical format. Use the **Trends** page to view trends for the selected points over a period ranging from a day to a year. You can create and view a maximum of 10 trends.

Trends are plotted for two points which are read by the same or two different thermostats over a specified period of time. For example, outside air temperature and space temperature can be plotted for a period of one month. You can:

- View Trends
- Add/Modify Trends
- Delete Trends

## Users

Use the Users page to add users, assign thermostats to them and define their privileges based on their roles. There are three types of user roles:

- **Contractor** - This user is the super user of the system. A Contractor can perform all tasks. At any point there should be at least one contractor available in the system.
- **Facility Manager** - This role represents Building Engineer who maintains HVAC equipment and monitors the system with the help of WebStat.
- **Tenant** - The user assigned to this role has limited access to WebStat. A Tenant can access only those T7350s to which he/she is assigned.

You can:

- View list of Users
- Add/Modify Users
- Delete Users

## Thermostats

Thermostat is a device that automatically responds to temperature changes and activates switches controlling equipment. It is a circuit that indicates a measured temperature above or below a particular temperature threshold or trip point.

Thermostats are use for thermal protection and simple temperature control systems. They can be combined with home heating systems, refrigerators, or air conditioners. You can:

- View list of Thermostats
- Add\Modify Thermostats
- Configure Thermostats
- Discover Thermostats
- Copy Thermostats
- Download Thermostats
- Upload Thermostats
- Delete Thermostats

## Systems

You can use the Systems page only if you have a Contractor's privileges. Use this page to configure General settings of the system that include Time and Date settings, new package installation; SMTP settings; Network settings; and Home Page settings. You can:

- Configure General Properties
- Configure SMTP Setup Details
- Configure Network Properties
- Configure Home page Details

## APPENDIX A

### Network Setup Worksheet

The following information is required to complete the installation of WebStat. This information is used to configure WebStat for the network.

NOTE: You may want to take a copy of this worksheet and use it as a checklist for recording information.

### URL

The URL is required to access WebStat from the Internet or LAN.

Enter the URL for WebStat. Refer to the *Uniform Resource Locator* section for structure.

Fully Qualified Domain Name or IP address

https://

### IP Addressing

[ ] Static

[ ] DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol)

### Setup Data

Based on the selections above, identify the setup data required. Circle or highlight the column selected and enter the specific information in Table.

Refer to *Configuring WebStat Network Interface* section for description

Table 3.

IP Address Options	Static	DHCP	WebStat Setup Data
IP Address	X		
Network Mask	X		
Default Gateway	X		

Table 3.

IP Address Options	Static	DHCP	WebStat Setup Data
Primary DNS Server	X		
Local Host Name	X	X	
Local Domain Name	X	X	

Refer to *Configuring WebStat Network Interface* section for description

Table 4.

WebStat System Settings	Details
SMTP Email Server	
Email Account ID	
Email Account needs Password	
Email Account Password	

### Automation and Control Solutions

Honeywell International Inc.

1985 Douglas Drive North

Golden Valley, MN 55422

www.honeywell.com/buildingsolutions

Honeywell Limited-Honeywell Limitée

35 Dynamic Drive

Scarborough, Ontario M1V 4Z9

# Honeywell